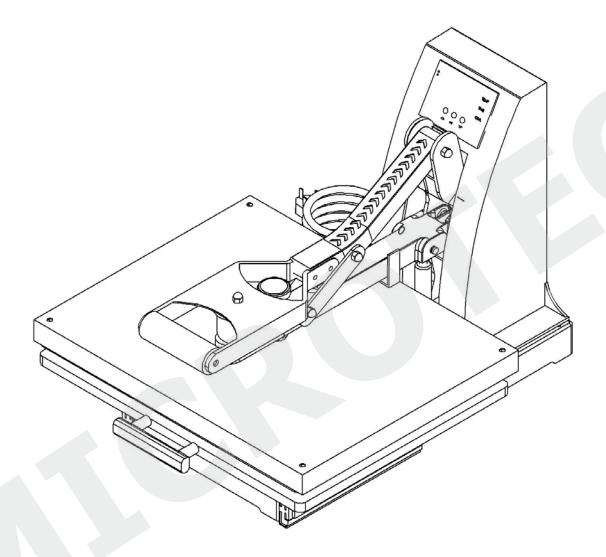
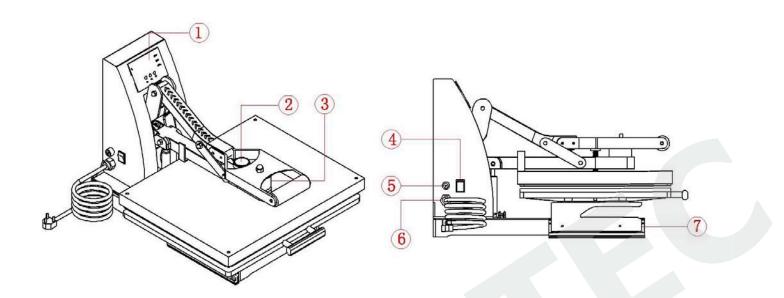
Digital High Pressure Heat Press Manual Model NO.: SHP-15/20/24LP2MS



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I. Assembly Drawing



1 GY-04 Digital Controller 2 Pressure Adjust Knob ⑤ Fuse

@Power Cord

③ Electromagnet ⑦ Machine base

④Power Switch

II. Technical Parameters

- 1. Model No.: SHP-15/20/24LP2MS
- 2. Machine Dimension: 415*676*620mm
- 3. Heat Platen Size: 38*38cm,40x50cm,40x60cm
- 4. Printable Articles Max Size: 400*600*20mm
- 5. Voltage: 220V/1Phase; 110V/1Phase
- 6. Power: 220V/1.8KW; 110V/1.2KW
- 7. Recommend Setting: 30~280s; 180~200°C Time Range: 0~999s Maximum Temp: 225 C°
- 8. Packing Size: 71*50*54cm/76*62*58cm/77*71*57cm
- 9. Gross Weight: 25kg/39kg/41kg

III. Operating Process

1. Set temperature required

TEMP TIME CD-L OK	TEMP TIME CD-L OK	CD-L
Turn on power switch, temperature	Press 🖲 button, the 📰 light is	Press 🕅 button, the temp 📰 light
light is ON. The digital display shows	on (C denotes Celsius). Press	is on. Select with arrows the
OFF	arrows " $ riangle$ " or " $ riangle$ " to select " $^\circ$ C" or	temperature according to different
	"°F" (F denotes Fahrenheit)	transfer material (Normally
	according to your habits.	180°C ~200 °C)

2. Set time required

TEMP 5 0 TIME CD-L 4 OK	TEMP TIME CD-L	Hot Port TEMP TIME Cold Port CDL
Press 🕅 button after temperature	Press 🛞 button after time setting;	Note: There are two small port in
setting and the 📰 time light is	the display shows the temperature starts to rise. "CD-L" shows the time	front side of the digital display. If the real temperature is lower than
on. Select with arrows the time	counting down during your transfer.	digital controller shown, you can
according to different transfer		adjust the "hot port"; Clockwise to
material.		raise temperature; anticlockwise to
		reduce temperature.

3. Printing methods

Step 1: Make sure the cord is connected well to the wall socket. Slide out heat platen and place the object (i.e. T-shirt) on press bed, and transfer paper with images facing down the object, adjust pressure to your requirement, and turn on the power.

Step 2: Set the temperature and time required, and the temperature starts to rise.

Step 3: When the temperature rise to the setting temperature, the buzzer sends out sounds; then close down heat platen (meantime the sounds stop) and starts to transfer.

Step 4: Then the time counter is on, once time is up, the upper heat platen will open automatically.

Step 5: Consult the Transfer Paper instructions on whether to peel cold or hot, Here are suggested Pressing time guidelines for different transfer paper.

Ink-Jet Transfer Paper (fabric) 14-18 seconds Laser Copier/Printer Transfer Paper (fabric) 18-25 seconds Sublimation Transfers (onto Fabrics) 25-30 seconds Sublimation Transfers (onto FR-Plastic/Woods) 60-70 seconds

4. Recommendations:

Ceramic tile transfer: (Mugs & Plates transfer is similar)
Set temperature: 180°C.
Set time: 15 seconds
T-shirt transfer:
Set temperature: 180°C.
Set time: (chemical fiber use for sublimation transfer paper: 30-50 seconds; pure cotton use for T-shirt transfer paper: 10-20 seconds)
Aluminum sheet transfer:
Set temperature: 180°C
Set temperature: 180°C

NOTE:

1) Please switch off the machine and unplug the power cord when the machine is not in use.

2) The heat platen will cool down to the room temperature, if heat press stays unused for more than 30 minutes.

3) For better maintenance of heat press, the maximum setting temperature is 210 degrees C (410 degrees F).

4) To avoid re-heating the first transfer when printing double sided T-Shirts, insert a sheet of cardboard in between the shirt, adjust the height to less pressure, then press.

5) Heat platen may pivot slightly back and forth rotationally. This is due to movement allowance within the assembled clamp, and is normal.

V. Maintenance

1. No action after turn on the machine

1). Check the plug whether it connects well or whether it is broken.

2). Check the power switch or digital controller whether it is broken.

3). Check the fuse whether it has been burnt out.

4). Indicating light is on, but no display on screen, check the 5 cable of Railway transformer. If it's loosening,

showing the problem is poor connection. If they connects well, showing that the Transformer is faulty.

2. The display screen are working well, but no temperature increasing on the heat platen.

1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well. If the thermocouple is loose, the display will show 255 and machine keeps beeping.

2). Check if the indicating light of solid-state relay is on, if not, check if the relay or digital controller is broken.

3). If you already changed the new solid-state relay but the heat platen still can't heating up, check if the heat platen

is faulty or the heat platen's power cable is loose, need to change by new heat platen.

3. The heat platen works well, but suddenly the display screen show 255 $^\circ\!{\rm C}.$

1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well.

2). If the thermocouple touches well but still shows 255 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$, then it is faulty.

4. The machine is heating during $0\sim180^{\circ}$, but display number jumps to above 200° or 300° suddenly, or the numbers on display jumps irregularly.

1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well.

2). If the thermocouple is good, It shows that the program of digital controller is broken, which namely IC or is broken, need to change by new controller.

5. The temperature is out of control: Set 180°C, but the actual temperature is above 200°C.

1). It means the solid-state relay is broken, out of control, need to change the relay.

2). Or the digital controller is faulty and it keeps conveying electric to relay, need to change controller.

6. The setting temp and time becomes abnormal after exchange the heat platen

1). Please reset the temp and time according the operation process manual.

7. Other notice

1). In order to prolong the machine service life, please add the lubrication oil regularly on the joints.

2). In order to keep the heat platen's good transfer effect, you need to protect the heat platen carefully whenever you are using it or not.

3). Please keep the machine in dry place.

4). If you are not able to solve the electrical parts problem, please kindly contact the supplier and get technical support.

IV. Trouble shooting for transfer print quality

1. If the print color is pale: the temperature is too low / the pressure is not correct / or not pressed long enough.

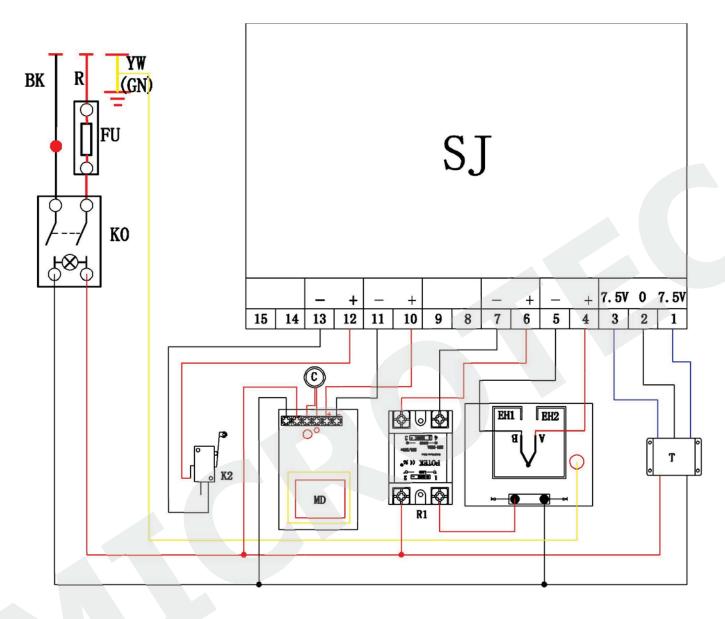
2. If the print color is too brown or the transfer paper is almost burnt: reduce the setting temperature

2. If the print is blurring: too much transfer time causes proliferation.

3. If print color is different/ partial transfer effect is not good enough: the pressure is not enough / or not pressed long enough / or poor quality transfer paper.

4. If transfer paper stick to the object after transfer: the temperature is too high/ or poor quality printing ink.

VI. Circuit Diagram



KO: Power Switch EH1 EH2: Heating Pipe T: Transformer K2: Limit Switch SJ: Thermostat R1: Relay FU: Fuse(16A/25V) C: Magnet MD : Magnet Driver